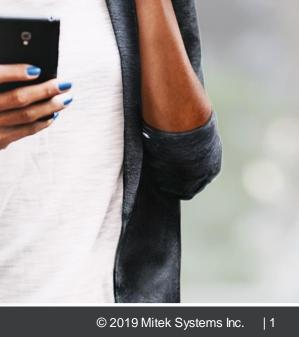
# Investor Presentation

Q2 FY19 Nasdaq : MITK





### **Safe Harbor Statement**

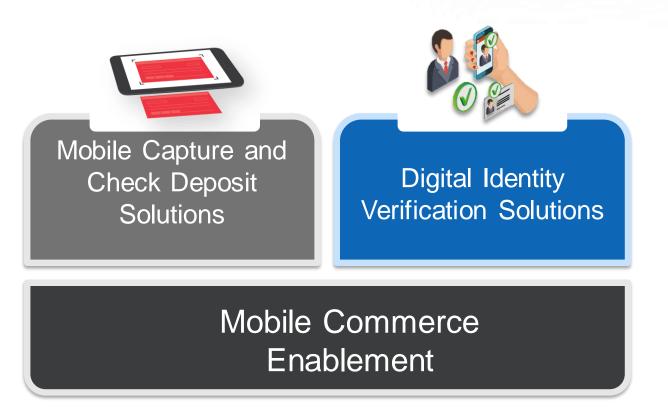
Forward-looking statements contained in this presentation involve risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions that, if they never materialize or prove incorrect, could cause our results to differ materially and adversely from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, statements relating to our outlook or expectations for earnings, revenues, expenses, asset quality, volatility of our common stock, financial condition or other future financial or business performance, strategies, expectations, or business prospects, or the impact of legal, regulatory or supervisory matters on our business, results of operations or financial condition.

Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "estimate," "plan," "project," "forecast," "intend," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "seek," "target" or similar expressions. Forward-looking statements reflect our judgment based on currently available information and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the section titled "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended 9/30/18 filed with the SEC on 12/14/18 and any subsequent filings under the Exchange Act and in our other SEC filings. Additionally, there may be other factors that could preclude us from realizing the predictions made in the forward-looking statements. We operate in a continually changing business environment and new factors emerge from time to time. We cannot predict such factors or assess the impact, if any, of such factors on our financial position or results of operations. All forward-looking statements included in this presentation speak only as of the date of this presentation and you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements to reflect any events or circumstances after the date of this presentation or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.



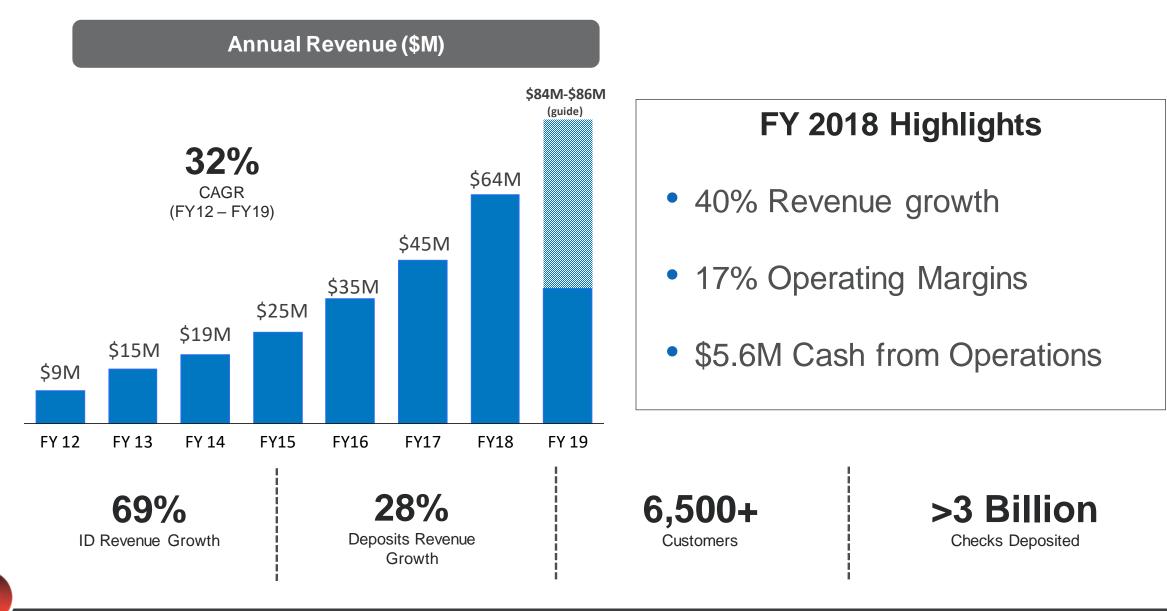


### Global Leader in Mobile Capture and Identity Verification



- Over 80 million consumers
- Over 6,500 customers
- Highly scalable cloud platform business
- Utilizing latest AI and machine learning techniques
- Patented IP with hundreds of years of technical innovation and expertise

### High Growth, Profitable & Cash Generation



# Inventors of **Mobile Deposit®** Trusted by nearly 100% of top U.S. banks



Mitek has enabled more than **3 Billion Mobile Deposits**  Totaling **\$1.5 trillion** in cumulative check value

Saving banks \$ billions



## **Commerce Shift to Digital**

#### **Leveraging Market Trends**

Mitek

#### Digital Transformation

Mobile and digital strategies are paramount for commerce and require trust.



Digital transformation reduces cost of acquisition, transaction costs, and increases customer acquisition.



### Regulatory

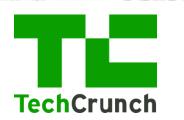
Terrorism, identity fraud and rapid globalization have dramatically changed the regulatory landscape. Social

Mobile-first consumers demand offerings with little to no friction for customer on-boarding and service.

### **Trust Issues - Identity Verification Taking Center Stage**

### THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

The New ID Theft: Millions of Credit Applicants Who Don't Exist



Facebook demands ID verification for big Pages, 'issue' ad buyers

Western Union to Pay \$600M Over Failures in AML

### SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

The Facebook Controversy: Privacy Is Not the Issue

The real danger is that the information and social platforms on the internet are being corrupted in the service of con men, political demagogues and thieves

### **Ehe New York Eimes** Facebook to require Verified Identified for Future Political Ads

### Venture Beat

Expanding verification could slow the spread of fake news on Twitter

### JAVELIN

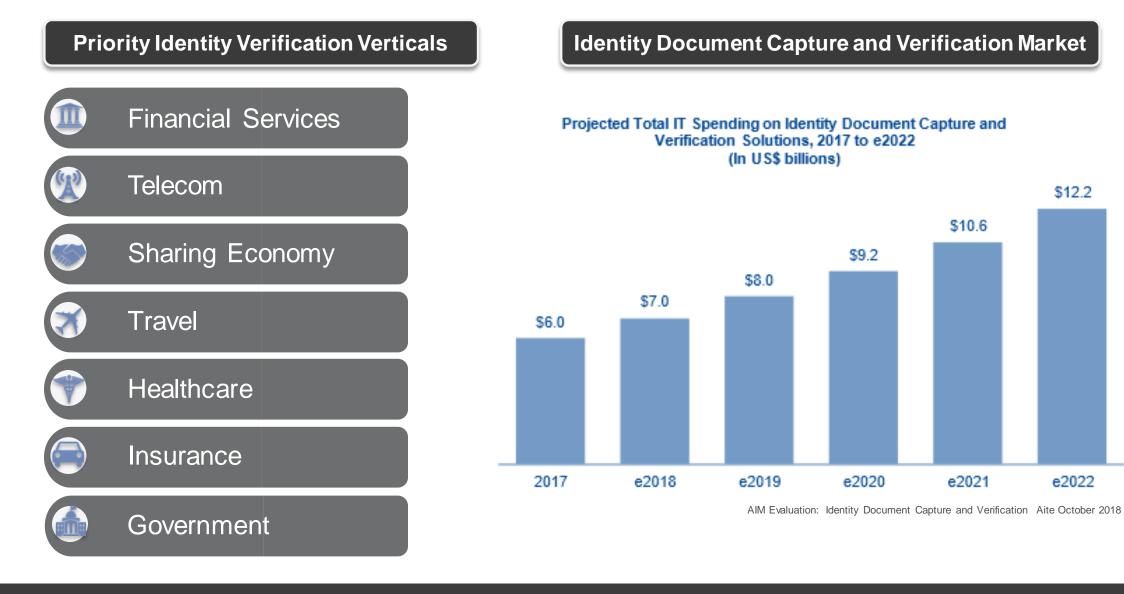
"Digital channels have exposed the vulnerabilities inherent in the traditional identity verification process..." These vulnerabilities contribute to **record rates of identity fraud**."

- Al Pascual, SVP, Research and Head of Fraud & Security

Wells Fargo Advisors Fined with \$3.5M for Failing to Comply with AML Rules

DIE

### Addressing Global \$12B Market Growing at a 15% CAGR



### **Innovators in Identify Verification**

Takes Mobile Deposit proven AI technology to the next level with Mobile Verify

> Bridging the gap between the physical and digital world



**Current methods** 



**Face-to-face** interaction





### **Identity Products**



Mobile Fill®

Fast and Accurate Automated Data Capture



Real-time ID Document Authentication



#### **Face Comparison**

Ties the Person to their ID Document

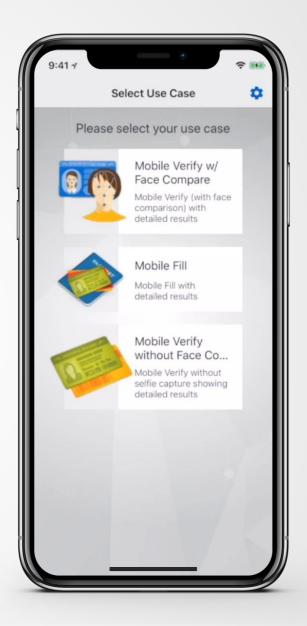


#### Mobile Docs<sup>™</sup>

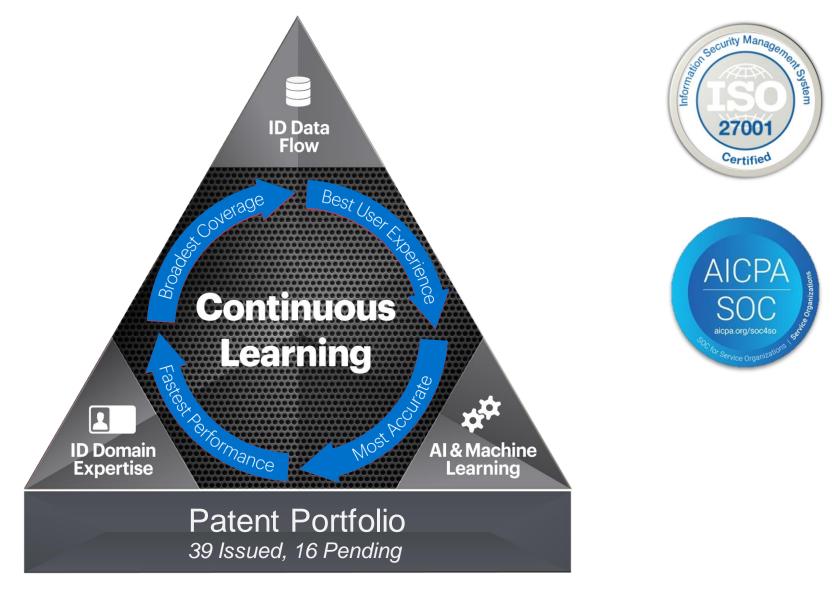
Submit Supporting Documents

# **Mobile Verify**<sup>®</sup>

### Demo



### The Mitek Advantage: Continuous Learning ID Engine





### **Mitek Customers and Partners**

In addition to 6,400 US financial institutions, Mitek's rapidly growing list of customers and partners include... AllianceData. artilium moneyou orbob HyreCar 👗 Rabobank VARO Synchrony ONCR Morgan Stanley mastercard MoneyGram. Kabbage<sup>®</sup> accenture instacart 式 CaixaBank credit karma Trulim Ameritrade Adobe ABN·AMRO PayPal experian. PALLA iserv asurion ≽

### **Mobile Verify**<sup>®</sup> Success Stories



*"Mobile Verify*® helps us" provide a fast and easy experience for our customers while ensuring that we're complying with local laws and regulations ..."



"We chose to partner with Mitek using their Mobile Verify product, as it is easy to use and scalable..."

Synchrony

"We share Mitek's passion for creating superior consumer experiences through technology innovation. We are always store credit application process and Mitek's technology helps Synchrony's Mobile Apply ...."



"We have integrated the iCAR [A Mitek company] automated identity identification solution. We view Mitek as a strong, established identity verification solutions provider ..."

seeking ways to streamline our in-



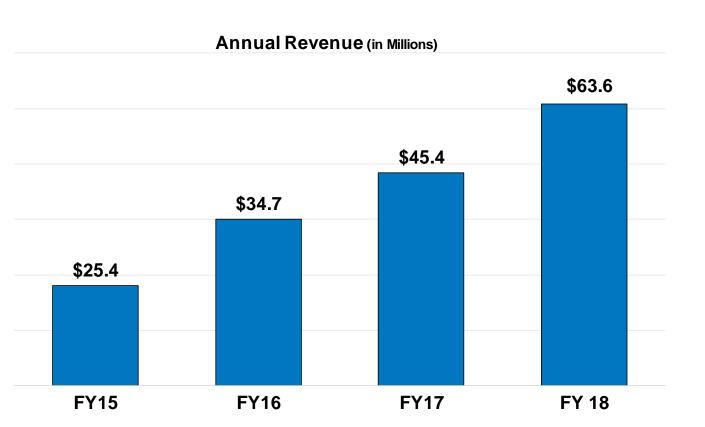
"Mitek's scalable identity verification solution is speeding up the registration process, enabling us to keep up with the enormous rise in requests...."

### moneyou

... Mitek that enables us to achieve our customer experience ambitions for onboarding and, simultaneously, meet the ever-growing requirements for 'reliable' identification."

### FY18 Financial Performance (ending September 30, 2018)

- \$63.6M revenue, up 40% YOY
  - 65% Deposits (up 28%)
  - 35% ID (up 69%)
- Transactional SaaS revenue \$13.1M, up 68% YOY
- 17% Non-GAAP Operating Margin
- \$11.8M GAAP net loss or \$(0.33) per diluted share
- \$11.0M non-GAAP net income or \$0.29 per diluted share
- \$5.6M in cash flow from operations

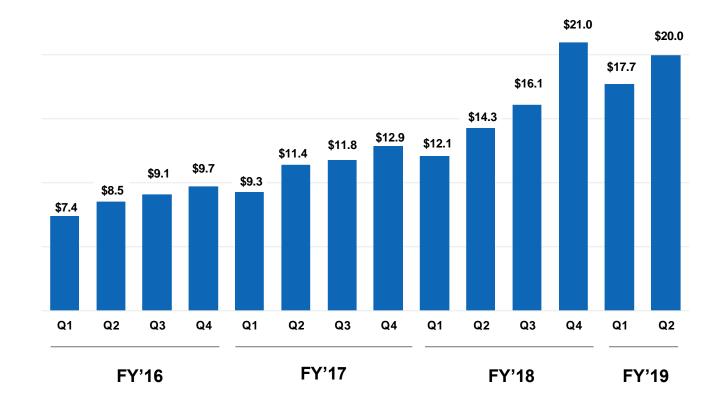


Non-GAAP net income is a non-GAAP financial measure. For definition of Non-GAAP net income, refer to slide 21...

### Q2'19 Financial Performance (ending March 31, 2019)

- \$20.0 revenue, up 40% YOY
- Transactional SaaS revenue \$5.3M, up 60% YOY
- 14% Non-GAAP Operating Margin
- \$0.7M GAAP net loss or \$(0.02) per diluted share
- \$2.7M non-GAAP net income or \$0.07 per diluted share
- \$4.3M in cash flow from operations
- \$24.6M cash & equivalents

#### Quarterly Revenue (in Millions)



### **Financial Guidance**

- Fiscal 2019 (ending Sept. 30, 2019):
  - \$84M to \$86M in revenue, ~ 32% to 35% growth
  - Non-GAAP operating margins between 18% 20%
- Q3 2019 (ending June 30, 2019):
  - \$21.5M to \$22.0M in revenue, ~ 34% to 37% growth
  - OpEx of \$17.0M to \$17.5M (Non-GAAP, including COGS)
  - Acquisition related costs and expenses of between \$2.0M and \$2.5M
  - Stock compensation expense of approximately \$2.5M

### **Investment Highlights**



**High-growth and Profitable Cloud Company** 

Macro Trends Driving Adoption: Digital Transformation, Data Breaches, Increased Regulation

\$12.2 Billion Global Market by the end of 2022

Dominant and Proven Mobile Capture Winner. 80+ Million Users



Unique and Patented Technology



P PayPal

# Thank You!





### Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures for non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP net income per share that exclude stock compensation expenses, intellectual property litigation costs, acquisitionrelated costs and expenses, costs associated with our strategic process, executive transition costs, income tax effect of pre-tax adjustments, impact of tax reform on deferred taxes and the cash tax difference. These financial measures are not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are not based on any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles. In evaluating the Company's performance, management uses certain non-GAAP financial measures to supplement financial statements prepared under GAAP. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures provide a useful measure of the Company's operating results, a meaningful comparison with historical results and with the results of other companies, and insight into the Company's ongoing operating performance. Further, management and the Board of Directors utilize these non-GAAP financial measures to gain a better understanding of the Company's comparative operating performance from period-to-period and as a basis for planning and forecasting future periods. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures, when read in conjunction with the Company's GAAP financials, are useful to investors because they provide a basis for meaningful period-to-period comparisons of the Company's ongoing operating results, including results of operations against investor and analyst financial models, which helps identify trends in the Company's underlying business and provides a better understanding of how management plans and measures the Company's underlying business.



### **Non-GAAP Net Income Reconciliation**

| (amounts in thousands except share data) |   | Three Months Ended March 31, |        |    |         | Six Months Ended March 31, |         |    |         |  |
|--|---|------------------------------|--------|----|---------|----------------------------|---------|----|---------|--|
|  |   |                              | 2019   |    | 2018    |                            | 2019    |    | 2018    |  |
|  | Net loss  | \$                           | (716)  | \$ | (1,160) | \$                         | (3,907) | \$ | (6,896) |  |
|  | Non-GAAP adjustments:   |                              |        |    |         |                            |         |    |         |  |
|  | Acquisition-related costs and expenses                              |                              | 1,773  |    | 1,203   |                            | 3,600   |    | 2,462   |  |
|  | Litigation costs  |                              | _      |    |         |                            | _       |    | 50      |  |
|  | Costs associated with strategic process                             |                              | 219    |    | _       |                            | 1,083   |    | _       |  |
|  | Executive transition costs(1)                                       |                              | _      |    | _       |                            | 251     |    | _       |  |
|  | Stock compensation expense  |                              | 2,353  |    | 2,058   |                            | 5,023   |    | 3,947   |  |
|  | Income tax effect of pre-tax adjustments                            |                              | (976)  |    | (978)   |                            | (2,237) |    | (1,938) |  |
|  | Impact of tax reform on deferred taxes                              |                              | _      |    | _       |                            | _       |    | 4,417   |  |
|  | Cash tax difference(2)  |                              | 85     |    | 1,024   |                            | (29)    |    | 1,136   |  |
|  | Non-GAAP net income   |                              | 2,738  |    | 2,147   |                            | 3,784   |    | 3,178   |  |
|  | Non-GAAP income per share—basic                                     | \$                           | 0.07   | \$ | 0.06    | \$                         | 0.10    | \$ | 0.09    |  |
|  | Non-GAAP income per share—diluted                                   | \$                           | 0.07   | \$ | 0.06    | \$                         | 0.09    | \$ | 0.09    |  |
|  | Shares used in calculating non-GAAP net income<br>per share—basic   |                              | 38,926 |    | 34,976  |                            | 38,583  |    | 34,587  |  |
|  | Shares used in calculating non-GAAP net income<br>per share—diluted |                              |        |    |         |                            |         |    |         |  |
|  |   |                              | 40,808 |    | 36,667  |                            | 40,561  |    | 36,526  |  |

Comprised of costs associated with the transition of the Company's executive officers. Our non-GAAP financial measures
exclude these transition costs as we believe that such expense is inconsistent with the normally recurring operations of our
Company and it makes it difficult to make period-to-period comparisons of our operating performance.

2. The Company's non-GAAP net income is calculated using the cash tax rate of 3% in each of fiscal years 2019 and 2018. The estimated cash tax rate is the estimated tax payable on the Company's tax returns as a percentage of estimated annual non-GAAP pre-tax net income. The Company uses an estimated cash tax rate to adjust for the historical variation in the effective book tax rate associated with the reversal of valuation allowances, the utilization of research and development tax credits, and the utilization of loss carryforwards which currently have an overall effect of reducing taxes payable. The Company believes that the cash tax rate provides a more transparent view of the Company's operating results. The Company's effective tax rate used for the purposes of calculating GAAP net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was 53% and negative 9%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate used for the purposes of calculating GAAP net loss for the six months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was 35% and negative 117%, respectively.